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AaCTA set of tools for the increase in EV charging stations in local self-government units

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Alpe-Adria clean transport alliance –
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CHARGING INFRASTRUCTURE

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- Selecting optimal locations – PROBLEM
 - Purpose of locations – fast or slow charging
 - Fast charging – main traffic routes with high traffic frequency
 - Slow charging – strategic locations in city center (public parking lots, city malls, intermodal nodes, etc)
 - Constraints
 - Spatial planning preconditions – important challenge in Montenegro caused by limitations in valid regulation in the area of spatial planning and construction
 - Availability of power grid infrastructure
 - Connection point, available power (direct impact on number of stations)
 - Control possibility – a challenge in the middle phase of charging infrastructure development
 - Number of charging stations – impacted by expected number of electric vehicles



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- Tools for charging infrastructure planning
 - Basic input data
 - Fast charging
 - Geographic disposition of main roads and motorways – GIS information with nodes (road crossings), lengths and traffic frequency
 - Petrol stations locations – as main strategic locations for charging EVs
 - Power grid limitations – available substations, installed power, peak demand
 - Slow charging
 - GIS data of local municipality with coordinates of strategic locations (public parking lots, city malls, other public buildings)
 - Optimization criteria
 - Basic – minimum number of necessary charging stations in order to enable full autonomy of EVs for observed road network



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- Tools for charging infrastructure planning
 - Constraints – tools are flexible for including desired level of constraints
 - Assumed autonomy of fully charged EVs
 - Typical charging time (slow or fast charging)
 - Number of charging places per charging station – impacted by power grid limitation
 - Optimization engine (technique)
 - Flexible and modular – optimization goal and criteria can be easily changed
 - MILP – mixed integer linear programming (reliable and fast execution)
 - Metaheuristic techniques – using the same constraints and optimization goal
- Realization
 - Input
 - excel spreadsheet with strategic locations and their additional data (grid limitation, traffic frequency)



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➤ Realization

➤ Input

- GIS disposition of road infrastructure or picture with numerical information
- Forecast of number of EVs

➤ Results

- Minimum number of locations for charging stations
- Geographic distribution of charging stations
- New locations for charging stations if there are no already available strategic location (petrol station, parking lot etc.)
- Necessary number of charging places at charging locations depending on the expected number of EVs
- Defined locations are saved in excel sheet and kml format to be used with map software



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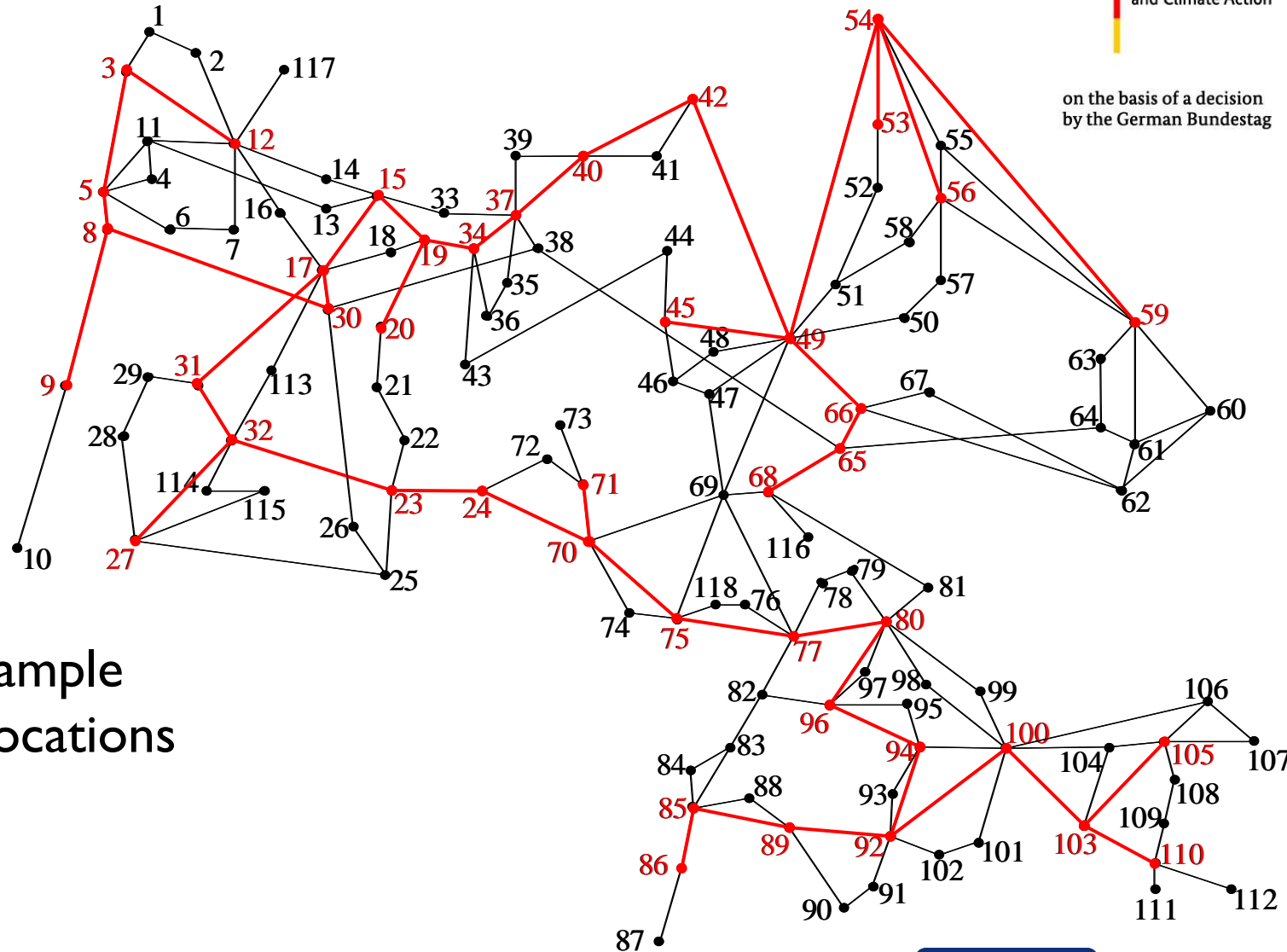


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- Theoretical example
- 118 potential locations
- 43 necessary



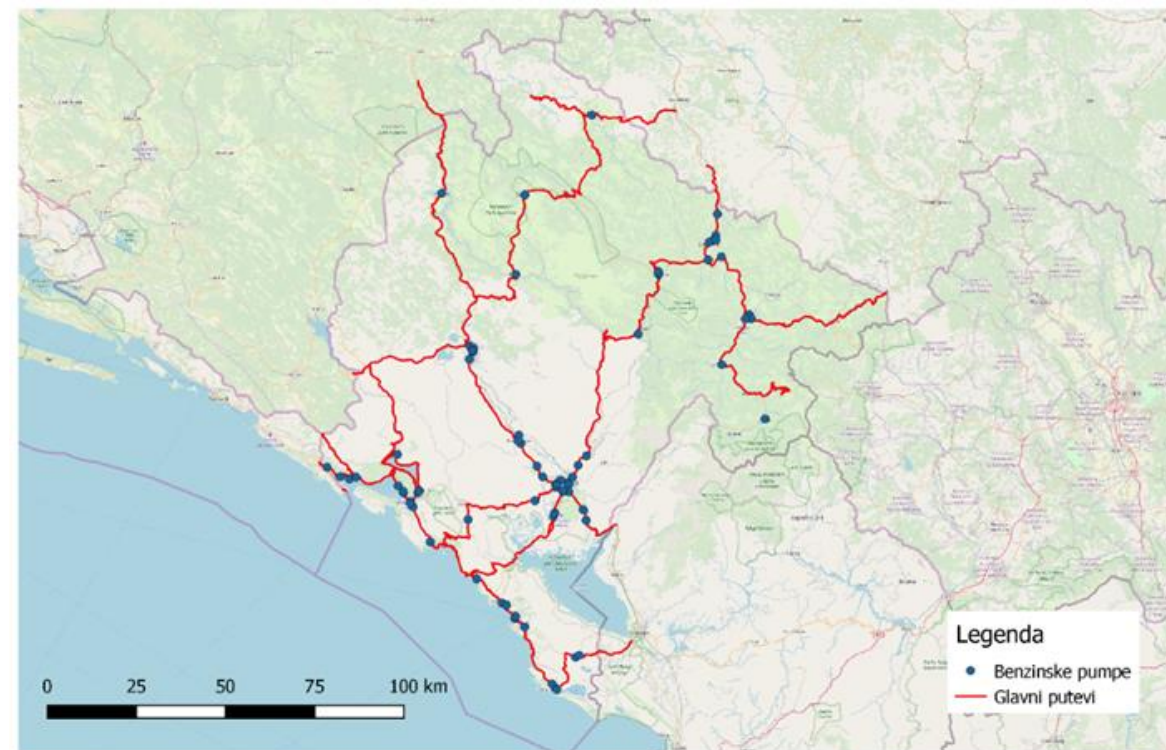
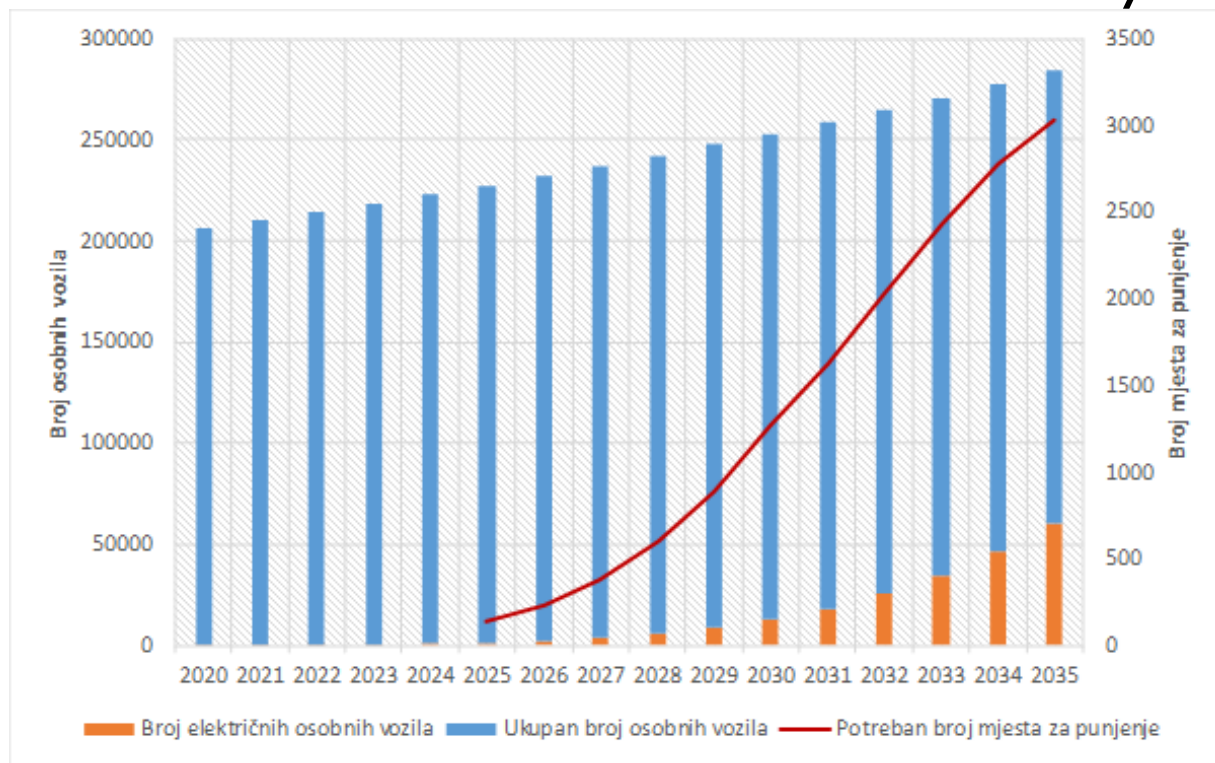
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- Development of charging infrastructure in Montenegro
 - Forecast of EV
 - Correlation with number of necessary charging stations (locations)



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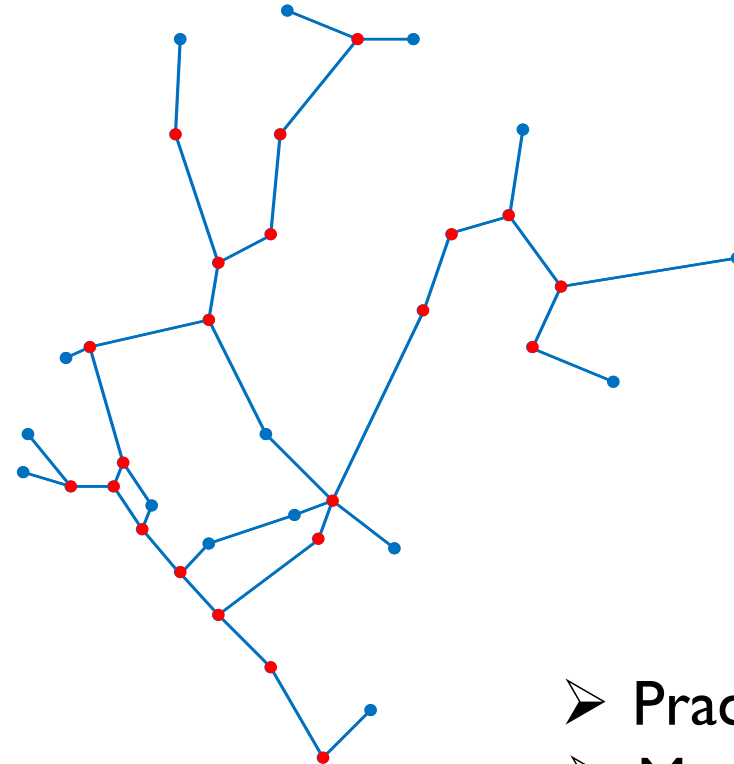
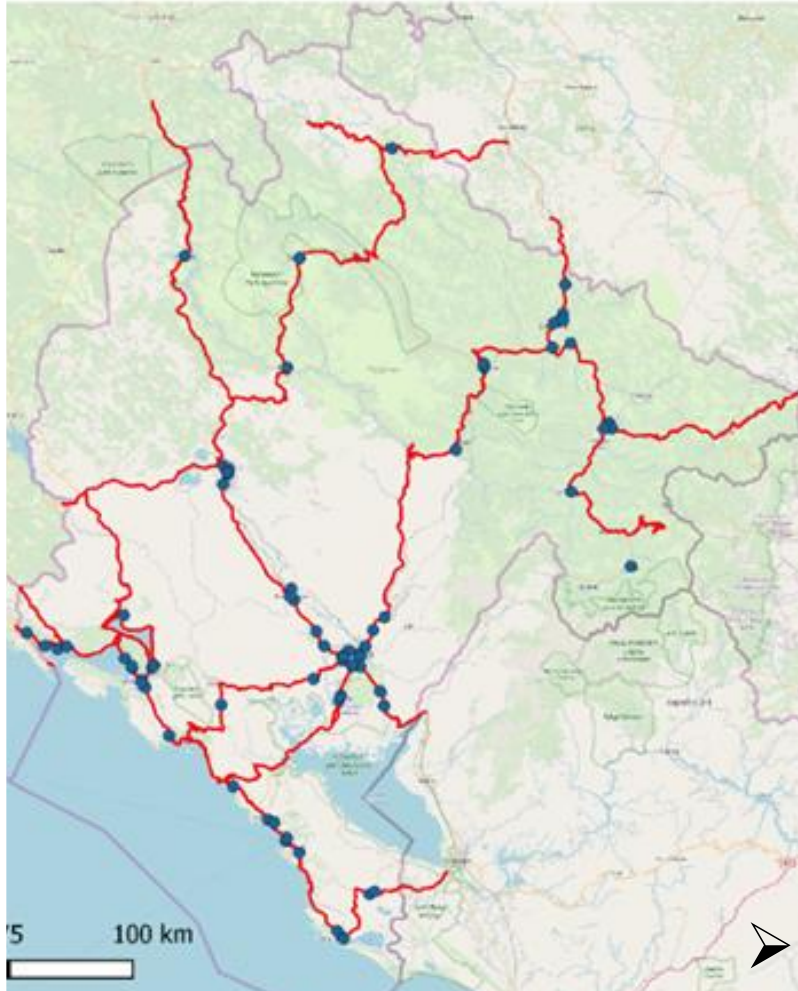
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- Minimum necessary locations for the existing road network
- Practical example
- Montenegro case



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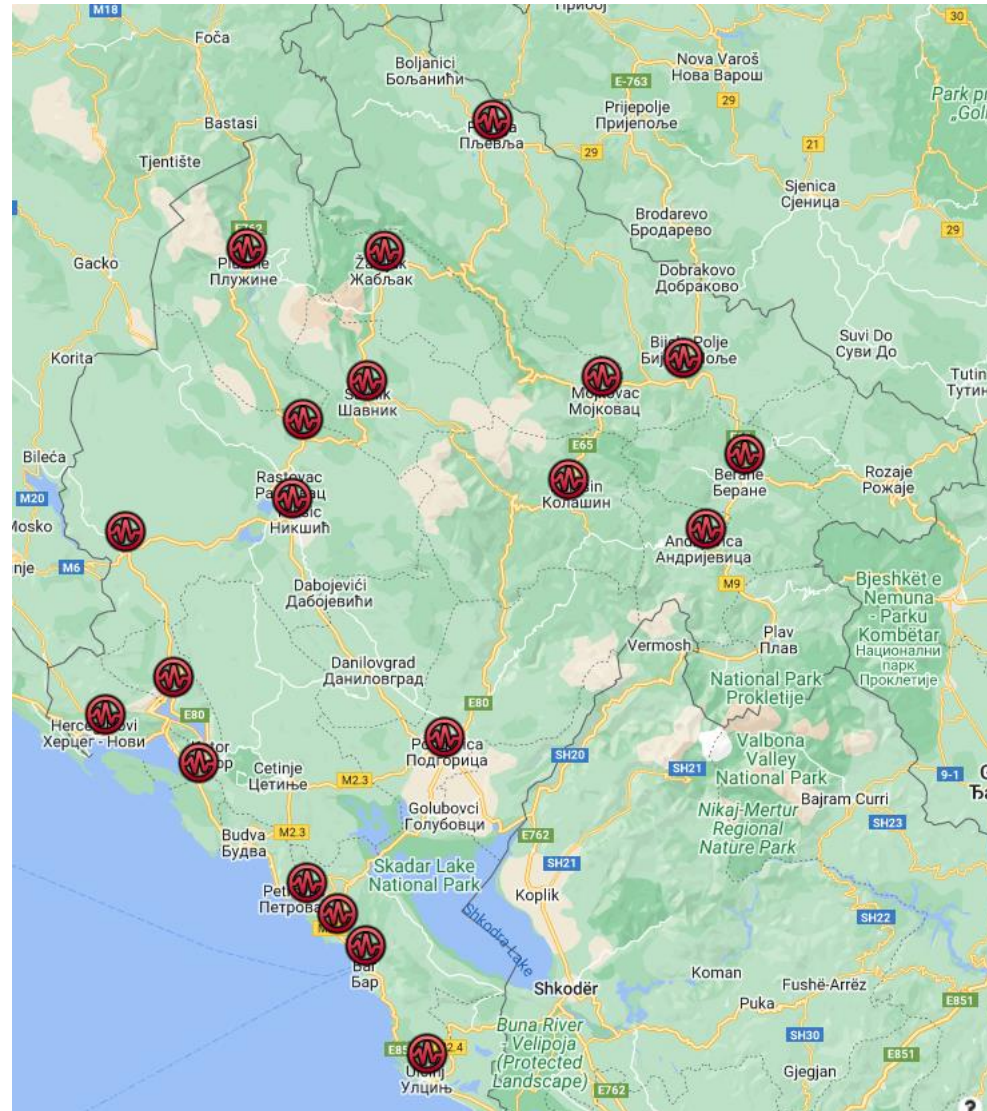


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- Typical output result
- Montenegro case



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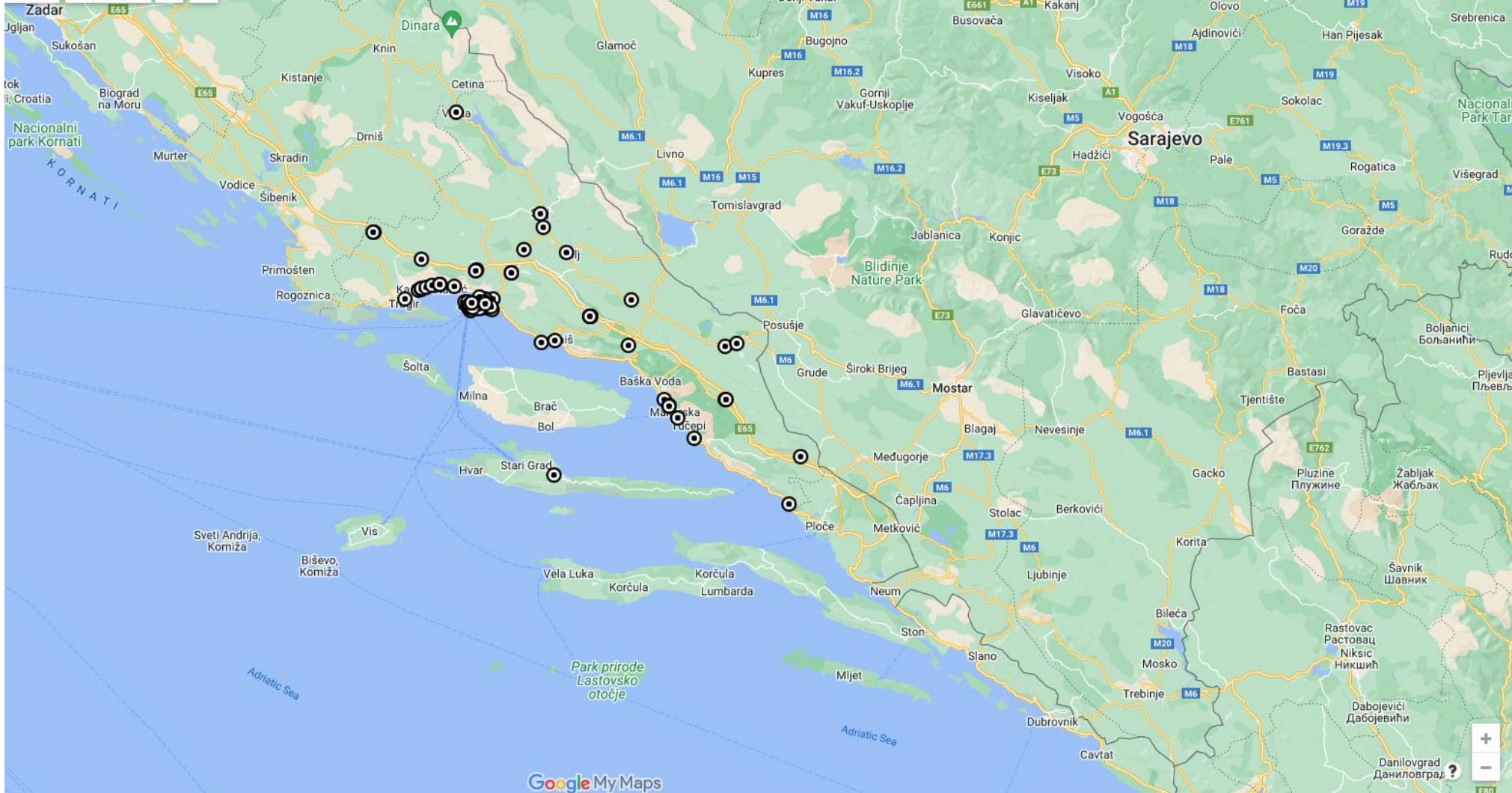
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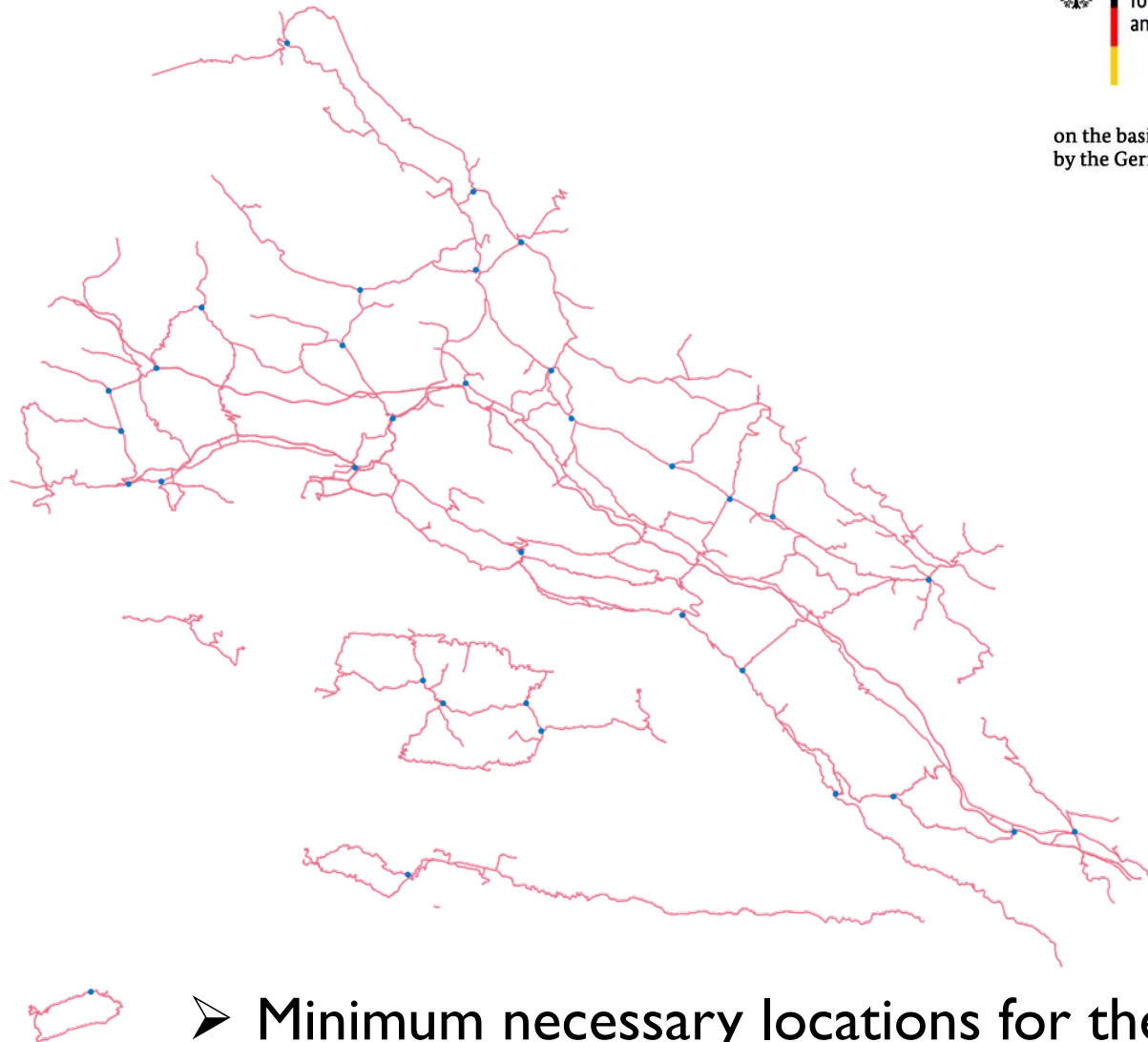


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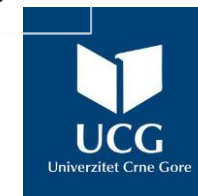
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- Practical example
 - Split case
- Minimum necessary locations for the existing road network



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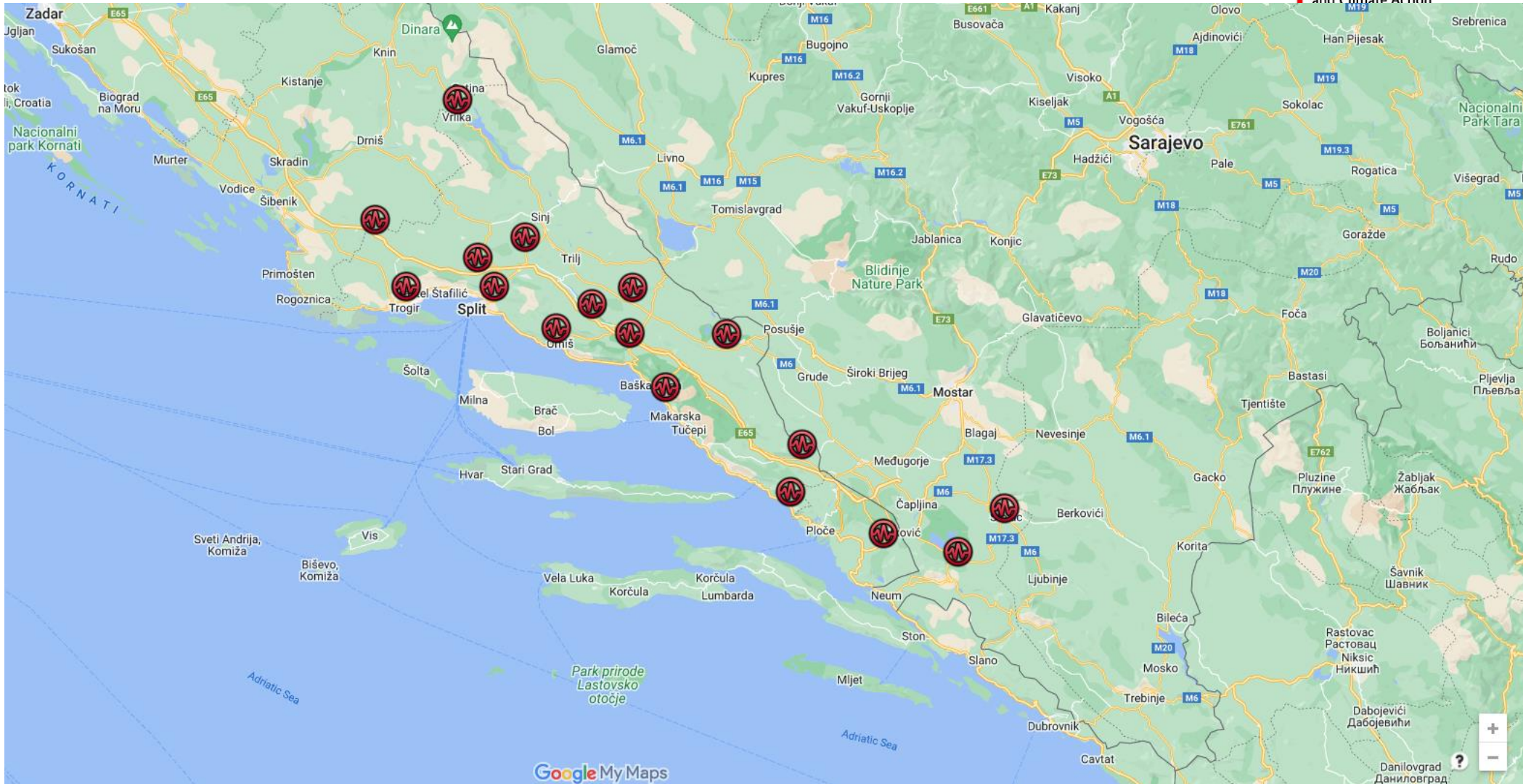
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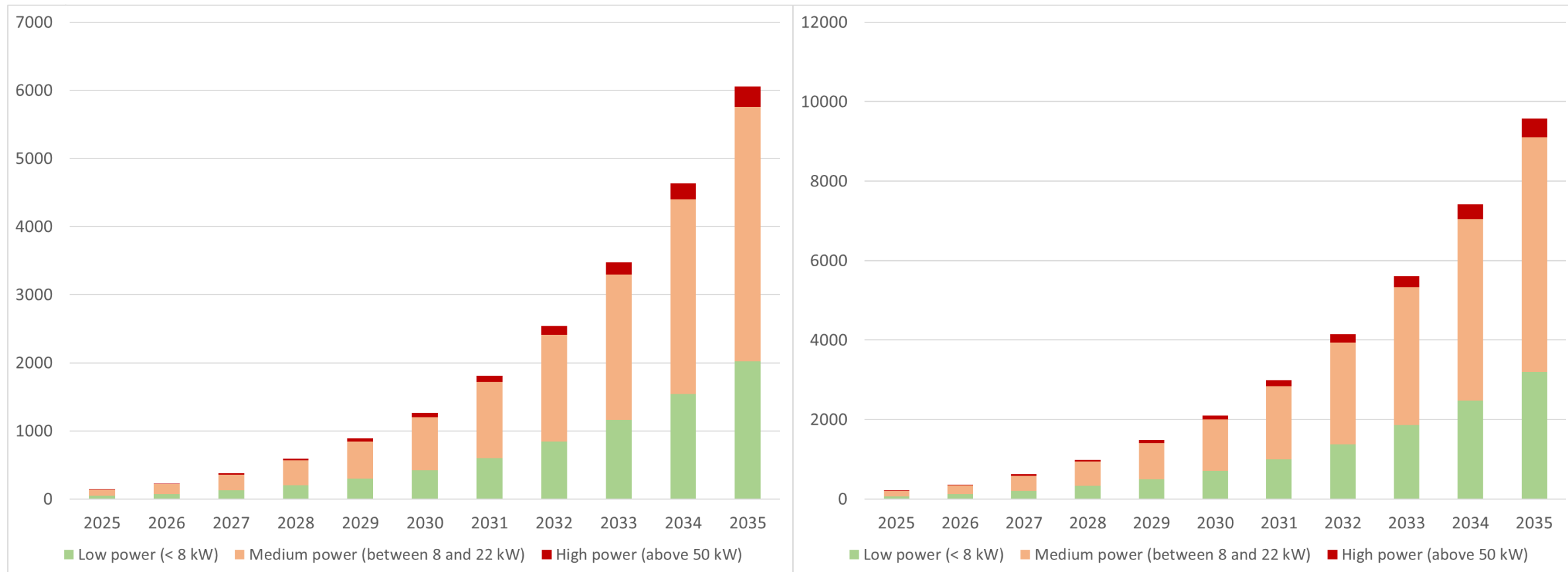
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➤ Correlation between number of vehicles and number of public charging stations



CONCLUSION

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- Optimization tool is based on easily accessible data (road infrastructure, traffic frequency, petrol station and parking lots locations)
- Excel is the basic tool for arranging input and output data
- Output is prepared in form of kml file or other types of files that can be used with GIS software
- Main engine of the optimization is developed in Matlab but it can migrate to other platforms, excel or web platform
- Future plans:
 - Preparation of easy to use web based interface
 - Using location specific power grid data
 - Enabling addition of other optimization constraints that are location specific
 - Testing on other practical problems

